

Consultants in Neurology Rowe Neurology Institute 913.894.1500 or 800.753.6992

THE EPWORTH SLEEPINESS SCALE

Patient Name: _____ Date: _____

Please use the following scale, to decide the likeliness following situations.	you would doze off or fall asleep in the
Even if you have NOT done some of these things REC have affected you.	CENTLY, try to answer how they would
Using the following scale, Please choose the most ap	propriate number for each situation:
 0 = Would NEVER doze or fall asleep 1 = Slight Chance of dozing or falling as 2 = Moderate Chance of dozing or falling 3 = High Chance of dozing or falling asle 	g asleep
SITUATIONS:	Chance of dozing
Sitting and Reading	
Watching TV	
Sitting, inactive in a public place (Theatre, meeting, etc.)	
As a passenger in a car, for an hour without a break	
Lying down to rest in the afternoon	
Sitting and talking to someone	
Sitting quietly after lunch, without alcohol	
In a car while stopped, for a few minutes in traffic	
TOTAL :	:

Add up the numbers you put in each box to get your total score. A total score of less than 10 suggest that you may not be suffering from excessive daytime sleepiness. A total score of 10 or more suggests that you may need further evaluation by a physician to determine the cause of your excessive daytime sleepiness and whether you have an underlying sleep disorder.

It is important to remember that true excessive daytime sleepiness is almost always caused by an underlying medical condition that can be easily diagnosed and effectively treated.